

Task 1**Read the article and circle the right answers.**

The family has always been very important in all times and societies. However, contemporary families differ a lot from large traditional families. A traditional, or extended, family had a similar structure in different countries. It consisted of several generations and was headed by the eldest man in the family. For example, an ideal traditional Chinese family consisted of the head of the family and his wife, their three or four sons and their wives (the daughters didn't live in the family as they moved to their husbands' families after the wedding) and a dozen grandchildren. People lived shorter then, and that's why usually there were no more than three generations in a family. Children were absolutely dependent on their parents and grandparents, and the status, role and behavior of each member of the family were strictly regulated. Nobody could break the rules. The interests of the family were above the interests of an individual member. If anyone ignored or betrayed the family interests, they were punished very severely. Most traditional families in Russia, Ukraine, and Poland looked the same. Nowadays families are much smaller. They often consist of two generations only: parents and their dependent children. The family of this kind is called a nuclear family. There are no male or female responsibilities within the family. This means most women go to work and earn some money, and men often help with cooking, washing and some other work round the house. Children behave differently too. They are allowed to express their point of view and take part in decision-making on different family's issues. Sometimes they can even ignore the senior generation's recommendations or advice, which was absolutely impossible in traditional families. Children are more independent nowadays, and when they grow up, they often prefer to live apart from their parents. Having separate homes, however, doesn't matter much as long as adult children care for their parents and remember to help them.

Answer the questions:

1. What is a traditional family?
2. Translate into Russian the underlined sentences.

The test

1. The author thinks that nowadays the family is much more important than it is used to be in old times. a) True b) False
2. The author says that a traditional Chinese family consisted of five generations living together. a) True b) False
3. According to the article, parents in traditional families didn't allow children to express their disagreement or argue in any way. a) True b) False
4. The article says that nowadays children can ignore the senior generation's advice. a) True b) False
5. The author thinks that it's very bad when generations don't live in one place. a) True b) False

Task 2**Open the brackets using the appropriate form of the verbs.**

1. Lectures of this professor (hear) always with great attention.
2. All the trees (plant) by the middle of autumn.
3. The window (break) last week.
4. The article (translate) now.

5. He (trust) his friends and (rely) on them in different situations.
6. The story (forget).
7. The book (write) in the 19th century.

Task 3

Fill in the gaps in the text with the correct form of the words

Children are curious. Sometimes they are too curious. This can lead to injuries. Many childhood injuries can be avoided if adults are (CARE) and know how to keep kids safe. Here are some important things to know about (SAFE). Always make sure children are safe in a car by having them ride in a car seat. (OLD) children should always wear a seatbelt when they are a passenger. Be a good example to your child by wearing your seatbelt. Install smoke (DETECT) in your home. They make a loud noise if smoke is present in the air. Make sure your children know what the sound means. Talk to (THEY) about what to do in case of a fire.

9 кл.

Контрольная работа №2

Task 1.

Read the text and fill in the gaps with sentences A-D

Is travelling dangerous?

When we read about famous travellers, we often admire those brave, courageous and resourceful people. Travelling has always been dangerous and it will always be. People travelling in the jungle can be strung by mosquitoes, bitten by spiders and snakes or killed by tigers or leopards. In the river they can be eaten by crocodiles, and in the sea – attacked by sharks. It's logical enough that we try to protect ourselves from our dangerous neighbours. We use different weapons, technical devices and modern technologies against them, which makes travelling much safer. _____(1). Loads of cars poison the air, water and earth. Planes, delivering passengers from one continent to another, damage the ozone layer of the atmosphere. Millions of tons of gas, oil, and coal burnt on the planet for travelling purposes destroy the rainforests and add to the greenhouse affect. _____(2).

“OK, someone can say, what's bad about that? Winters will get shorter and summers will be longer. Soon we'll be enjoying a warmer climate and most people will feel happy about it.” Nothing of the kind! The greenhouse effect will raise the temperature slightly, but it will be enough for icebergs and icecaps of the Antarctic to start melting. Ice melting, in its turn, will raise the ocean level, and some regions, densely inhabited now, may disappear under the water. It will break the balance on the Earth, will change the climate, and will drive lots of plants and animals to extinction. _____(3). People are part of nature and can't escape the global disaster.

Does everything said above mean that we should stop travelling and should spend our lives in the places where we were born? Certainly not. People can't do without travelling. However, we should consider safer transportation means. Safer not only for people, but for nature too. The fragile world we live in deserves love and care.

- A. The latter means that the polluted atmosphere keeps warmth better, which makes the average temperature on the planet higher.
- B. This chain of changes will affect our life dramatically.
- C. People should do more to protect the environment.

D. However, few people ever think about how dangerous our travelling is for animals and nature.

Task 2

Переведите выделенный курсивом текст.

Task 3

Fill in the gaps with modal verbs or their equivalents.

1. The doctor said, "The child is very ill. He ____ be taken to the hospital at once.
2. Everybody _____ learn a foreign language.
3. When I was young, I _____ run for miles.
4. Yesterday I stayed at home because I _____ to help my father.
5. I'm sorry I'm late. _____ I come in?
6. Her English is very poor, she ____ study very hard.

Task 4

What countries is this information about?

1. It's the fourth largest nation in the world.
2. There are eleven time zones in this country.
3. No place in it is more than 120 kilometers from the sea.
4. The country is made up of four historical parts.
5. The total area of the country is 17 million square kilometers.
6. It borders Ireland and by the sea France, the Netherlands, Belgium and the Scandinavian countries.
7. The Atlantic ocean washes the country in the north-east, the North Sea is in the west.
8. The highest peak is Ben Nevis.
9. There is a region of five Great Lakes in the north-eastern part of the country.

9 класс

Контрольная работа №3

Task 1

Translate into English:

Мы живем в мультикультурном обществе. Поэтому очень важно быть толерантным и соблюдать простые правила. Пожалуйста, не перебивайте друг друга. Каждый имеет право выразить его/ее мнение. Слушай внимательно, что другие люди говорят(Progressive). Если ты не согласен, не говори: «Ты не прав» или «Я не согласен с тобой». Говори: «Я боюсь, что я не могу согласиться с тобой», или «Да, но у меня другое мнение». Если ты задаешь вопрос, начинай с «Можно я задам вопрос?». И не забудь представить себя. Говори: «Меня зовут...». Мы надеемся, что у тебя будет много друзей и мало конфликтов.

Task 2

Use the words in the appropriate form.

Some people think that wars are _____ (avoid), and that people will always be fighting with each other. I'm more _____ (optimist) on this point. The process of _____ (integrate) is going rapidly and soon we may find ourselves living in one huge country. We'll be wearing the same clothes, listen to the same music. And watch the same films. We certainly risk

to lose _____ (ethnicity) and cultural diversity, which is not good news, but on the other hand, this means that there will be no grounds for _____ (religion) and ethnic discrimination. There will be no borders which need _____ (protect). If the police work well and the law is fair and clever, we'll get rid of criminals very easily. Former policemen may work as firemen or in schools and it will prevent any _____ (bully) or (fight)_____ there.

Task 3

Answer the questions:

1. What is the Declaration of Human Rights?
2. How many rights are listed in it?
3. What rights are important personally for you?
4. Why is it important to observe the Declaration?
5. Why should people be tolerant?
6. What does it mean to be tolerant?

Are you a tolerant person? Why do you think so? Ask your classmate if he/she agrees with you. Write down whom you have asked and what his/her answer is.

9 класс

Контрольная работа №4

Task I

Fill in the words:

an apprenticeship *courses* *range* *a university* *contribute GCSE*
secondary *vocational* *two* *prefer opportunities* *continue*
A-level exams *get back* *option particular* *a student loan*

Finishing _____ school is an important time in the life of each teenager. You should think over your _____ after the exams. British teenagers take _____ at the age of 16. Then they have several options. They can go to a school sixth form and _____ their education. It is comfortable because you learn in familiar place with teachers that you know and have a lot of friends. But some teenagers _____ going to a sixth form college because it offers a wider _____ of subjects and options for students. School sixth form and sixth form college take _____ years. They prepare students for _____. You need them to enter _____. Some teenagers can't afford to continue their education because their families need them to _____ to the family income. They can go to _____ courses that teaches skills you need to do a _____ job. Another way is to go to a company that offers _____. Some companies give an opportunity to do flexible or evening _____. So you can develop and get a promotion. Time off from education may make you think what you really want to study. If you want to _____ to studying, you can get _____ that you pay back later. There are a lot of ways and _____ after finishing school. But it is up for you to decide and to choose.

Task II

Прочитайте текст об экстремальных видах спорта. Установите соответствие между вопросами А-Д и пронумерованными абзацами текста 1-3. Используйте каждую букву только один раз. В задании есть один лишний вопрос.

- A. Extreme sports become increasingly popular because of punk culture and fashion.
- B. Many sports demonstrate daring tricks and are connected with special culture.
- C. Snowboarding was introduced into Olympics due to X Games.
- D. A winter extreme sport requires a specially designed board.

1. Developed in the 1960s, snowboarding is believed to have originated in the US, where several inventors explored the idea of surfing on the snow. The sport quickly developed, and the early boards were replaced by designs that are specialized to meet the demands of different competitions. The basic design is a board to which the rider's feet are attached with bindings. The size and shape of a board varies according to its use and the size of the snowboarder.
2. The term extreme sports is generally attributed to the X Games, a made-for-television sports festival created by the cable network ESPN in 1995. The success of the X Games raised the profile of these sports. The extreme sports of mountain biking and snowboarding debuted at the Summer and Winter Olympic Games in 1996 and 1998, respectively.
3. The primary extreme sports - skateboarding, in-line roller-skating, and BMX, for example - often use half-pipes and urban landscapes to perform a wide range of tricks. The sports also share a unique subculture that separates them from traditional team sports. This youth-oriented culture embraces punk music and fashion and emphasizes individual creativity.

Task III

Fill in the gaps in the text with the correct form of the words.

Self-care

We live in the era of 1 _____ advances in “self-care”.	IMPORTANCE
What you need is new information. There is so much you can learn to have a 2 _____ life. Then you can fulfill your needs in health easily and routinely as part of your normal way of life.	HEALTH
It is more and more obvious that 3 _____ kinds of treatment and cures in the world cannot bring lasting health if you are not willing to live an existence without diseases.	DIFFER
Years of physical damage – smoking, drinking, overeating, the wrong food, lack of rest or exercise – can only interfere with good health. Emotional instability is also incompatible with good health. And when the result is ill health, drugs are only 4 _____ aids.	ADDITION
To repair the damage of disease, or more to the point, to prevent it, you must live more 5 _____.	CARE
It is possible that you know this already. But you must also know how to use that instinctive 6 _____.	KNOW

Task IV

1. Have you ever thought about your future career? What are you going to be?
2. What opportunities are there for a Russian teenager after finishing the 9th Form?
3. Do you go in for sport? How can sport help a person? What negative points are there?
4. What is your attitude to extreme sport?